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- (5) Section 113 [49 U.S.C. 32904 note], relating to the exemption from separate calculation requirement;
- (6) Section 131(b)(2) and (c)(1) [42 U.S.C. 17011(b)(2), (c)(1)], relating to the Plug-in Electric Drive Vehicle Program;
- (7) Section 225(a), relating to the study of optimization of flexible fueled vehicles to use E-85 fuel;
- (8) Section 227(a), relating to the study of optimization of biogas used in natural gas vehicles;
- (9) Section 242[42 U.S.C. 17051], relating to renewable fuel dispenser requirements; and
- (10) Section 248(a) [42 U.S.C. 17054(a)], relating to biofuels distribution and advanced biofuels infrastructure.
- (k) Carry out the functions and exercise the motor vehicle safety authority vested in the Secretary under §7103 of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century, Public Law 105–178.
- (1) Carry out the functions and exercise the motor vehicle safety authority vested in the Secretary under §§ 3(d), 10, 11 and 13 through 17 [uncodified provisions] of the Transportation Recall Enhancement, Accountability, and Documentation (TREAD) Act, Public Law 106-414.
- (m) Carry out the functions and exercise the motor vehicle safety authority vested in the Secretary under Anton's Law, Public Law 107–318.
- (n) Carry out the functions and exercise the motor vehicle safety authority vested in the Secretary under the Cameron Gulbransen Kids Transportation Safety Act of 2007 or the K.T. Safety Act of 2007, Public Law 110–189.
- (o) Carry out the functions and exercise the motor vehicle safety authority vested in the Secretary under the Pedestrian Safety Enhancement Act of 2010, Public Law 111–373.

## § 1.96 The Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration.

Is responsible for:

(a) Pipelines. (1) Administering a national program of safety in natural gas and hazardous liquid pipeline transportation including identifying pipeline safety concerns, developing uniform safety standards, and promulgating and enforcing safety regulations;

- (2) Increasing the gas and liquid pipeline industry's focus on safety beyond compliance with minimum standards, with particular attention to developing strong safety cultures in regulated entities:
- (3) Enhancing information awareness systems at the State and local levels to reduce pipeline damage from excavation and providing grants to support these systems: and
- (4) Encouraging the timely replacement of aging and deteriorating pipelines in distribution systems, especially in areas with high potential negative consequences to public safety and the environment.
- (b) Hazardous Materials. (1) Administering a national program of safety, including security, in multi-modal hazardous materials transportation including identifying hazardous materials safety concerns, developing uniform safety standards, and promulgating and enforcing safety and security regulations; and
- (2) Conducting outreach and provide available grants assistance to increase awareness and emergency preparedness.

## § 1.97 Delegations to the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administrator

The Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administrator is delegated responsibility to:

- (a) *Pipelines*. (1) Exercise the authority vested in the Secretary under chapter 601 of title 49, U.S.C.
- (2) Exercise the authority vested in the Secretary under section 28 of the Mineral Leasing Act, as amended (30 U.S.C. 185(a) and 30 U.S.C. 185 (w)(3)).
- (3) Exercise the authority vested in the Secretary under section 21 of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1520) relating to the establishment, enforcement and review of regulations concerning the safe construction, operation or maintenance of oil or natural gas pipelines on Federal lands and the Outer Continental Shelf.
- (4) Exercise the authority vested in the Secretary under section 5 of the International Bridge Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 535) as it relates to pipelines not over navigable waterways.